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SPRING 1926

FEB 1926

VILLAGE
NURSERIES

Jos. H. Black, Son & Co.

HIGHTSTOWN, NEW JERSEY

FOREWORD

This catalogue answers your questions before you ask them and may show the cause of some failures you have had in previous plantings.

We have always given the growing, grading and shipping of trees and plants our direct personal attention. We make our catalogue relatively as distinctive and valuable as our trees have been through the knowledge acquired by two generations through many years of experience.

The descriptions are not full of extravagant adjectives but will, we feel, give you the desired information which will guide you in your choice and induce you to plant because you feel you can safely make a selection that will assure good results.

HOW TO ORDER

WRITE order very carefully and keep a copy.

SIGN your name with extra care. The best writers often dash off their signatures so that it is difficult to be sure of the real spelling.

PRICES quoted will be in such quantities as are often ordered and are graduated relative to size and quantity. (It costs as much to assemble an order of 10 in ten kinds as it does to get together 100 in ten varieties.)

REMITTANCES should be made in some perfectly safe way. We have made the prices so close to cost that we ask that all send remittance with order or when they are to be sent C. O. D. at least one-half the amount must accompany order.

RESPONSIBILITY. We are responsible for only those orders placed directly with us.

FRUIT

Every land owner is seeking to increase the value of his land and endeavors to ensure the best possible returns from money spent toward that end. To beautify a property means not only an increase of its sale value, but makes it an eternal source of enjoyment to its owner. However pleasant this may be, the owner must realize that some investment must be made that will be an insurance that not only pays at death but yields dividends during the occupancy.

Fruit bearing trees and plants properly selected and well cared for will increase the value of the land for sale purposes because they increase the income from that property.

WARNINGS TO PLANTERS

DO NOT USE ANY FERTILIZER OR MANURE when planting, if your ground is poor either broadcast it or apply it to the top of the ground after the trees are planted.

DO NOT EMPLOY AN EXPERT to plant your trees. Ninety percent of our complaints come from customers who tell us that they had an expert plant the stock. There is no mysterious nor special method to be employed in tree planting.

Dig a hole big enough to allow the roots to take their natural position, make it about six inches deeper than necessary.

Wet the roots of the tree immediately before planting.

Place the roots in the hole and fill about half full of loose top soil.

Pull the tree up until it is at the same depth in the ground that it stood in the nursery row, tamp the soil firmly and then finish filling the hole and continue to tamp it until the last two inches which should be left loose.

Trim according to instructions given through the catalogue under each species.

APPLES

PLANTING DISTANCES varies according to soil and varieties. We will describe them as **upright** which can be planted as close as 24x24 feet which takes 75 trees per acre. **Moderate spread** 30x30 feet, taking 50 trees per acre. **spreading** 32x32 on ordinary soils, taking 43 trees and 36x36 on rich heavy soil, taking 34 trees per acre. When planting in a single row these distances can be shortened about four feet.

CARE OF APPLE ORCHARDS. The ground should be kept well cultivated from early spring until about July 15th. Inter-cropping may be practiced in the young orchard, using such crops as require high fertilization and intensive cultivation. The bearing orchard should have some legume sown in it, after July 15th as a cover crop that will protect it from leaching, also furnish humus and nitrogen to the soil.

PRUNING THE TREES. When planted in the fall do not prune until March or April. Two year old trees should have all but three branches taken off and these cut back to within three to six inches of the main stem. One year olds if over 3½ ft. high should be cut back to the height. In future years the plan should be to have no more than three main branches from each of which two are allowed to grow, from these form an open head through which sun and air reaches every part of the tree. Never allow the top of the branches to get so high that spraying and picking is difficult and expensive.

The descriptions are given to denote season of ripening, color, size, quality, growth of tree and soil suited to its best development.

APPLES

The following prices are only good as long as our present stock lasts.

Prices	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100
2 year, 5 to 7 ft.....	\$.80	\$ 7.00	\$60.00
2 year, first-class, 4 to 6 ft.....	70	6 00	50.00

One Year Old Apples

Our one year olds are fine, stocky and straight. We can do the following varieties in one year olds.

Baldwin, Delicious, Early Williams, English Codding, Fanny, Gravenstein, Grimes Golden, McIntosh, Maidens Blush, Mammoth Black Twig, Opalescent, Rome Beauty, Smokehouse, Stark, Stayman, Wealthy, White Ohio Pippin, Winesap, Yellow Transparent, Hyslop Crab and Martha Crab.

Prices (Only on above list)

	Each.	Per 10.	Per 100
1 year, 4 to 6 ft.....	\$.50	\$3.50	\$25.00
1 year, 3 to 4 ft.....	40	2.50	17.50
1 year, 2 to 3 ft., (limited supply).....	30	2.00	12.50

SUMMER AND EARLY AUTUMN APPLES

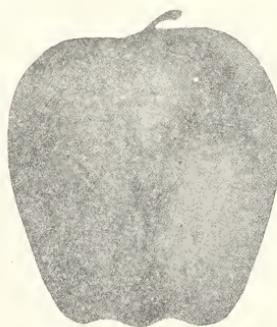
Fanny.—Medium size, brilliant red, flesh snowy white, tender, crisp, juicy, mild, sub-acid, early bearer. Upright grower, a splendid apple for home use.

Gravenstein.—Summer, yellow splashed with red, large, juicy and a good cooker. Tree moderate spread, best on sandy soil.

Maidens Blush.—Midsummer, yellow with a beautiful red cheek, flat in shape, very high quality for any purpose. Tree medium spread, bears young and well everywhere.

Wealthy.—Fall, almost entirely covered over with red. Skin very smooth, flesh white, large, fine quality for any purpose. Tree upright and is an early and heavy bearer on all soils but gives finest color on lighter soils.

Williams Early Red (Williams Favorite)—Early, red over a yellowish green, large to very large, oblong in shape, a handsome high quality dessert apple. Tree of moderate spread, does well on all soils.



Delicious

Yellow Transparent.—Earliest Summer, waxy yellow, medium size, sub-acid, good for cooking and eating. Upright tree, doing well anywhere but best on lighter soils.

LATE FALL AND WINTER APPLES

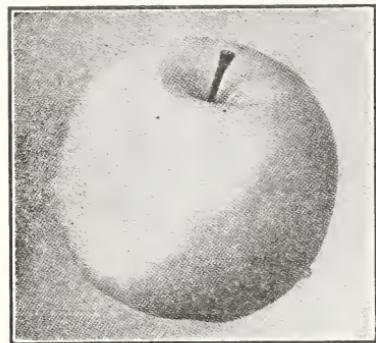
Baldwin.—Fall, south of New York and Winter further north. Red all over, large, good quality. Spreading, any soil.

Delicious.—Late Fall and Early Winter; almost or entirely red, large, conical, very best. Moderate spread, any soil.

Grimes Golden.—Late, fall, golden yellow, medium size, highest quality for cooking and eating. Moderate spread, light or gravelly soils.

Jonathan.—Winter, fair keeper, beautiful solid red, medium to large, very highest quality and appearance. Tree rather moderate spread.

Mammoth Black Twig.—(**Paragon.**)—Late Winter, dark red, large, high quality. Spreading, medium to heavy soils.



Grimes Golden

Stark.—Late Winter; green with red coloring; fair quality. Spreading; any soil. (Special price on first large order.)

Staymans.—Late Winter, dark red, very large, highest quality. Spreading and a strong grower; any soil. We consider it best of all apples. The New Jersey Horticultural Society voted it as the best and most profitable apple for New Jersey. (Special prices on large orders.)

Winesap.—Very late winter; dark red, medium to small; rich and good. Small spread, any soil, but better color on sand.

White Ohio Pippin.—Large, light yellowish green apple; a splendid keeper, quality good. Resembles Newtown Pippin, but is larger. Strong upright grower.

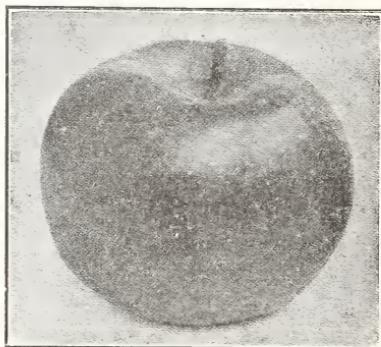
Special.—We have a limited quantity of **Starr** and **Cortland**. Write for special prices.

McIntosh.—Fall, red, medium size, highest quality. Moderate spread, any soils.

Rome Beauty.—Late Fall and Winter, yellow and bright red, very large, good for both eating and cooking. Moderate spread, light and gravelly soils.

Smokehouse.—Large, shaded with bright red, firm, juicy and crisp. Very large high quality apple on any soil. (Special price on first large order.)

Stark.—Late Winter; green with red coloring; fair quality. Spreading; any soil.



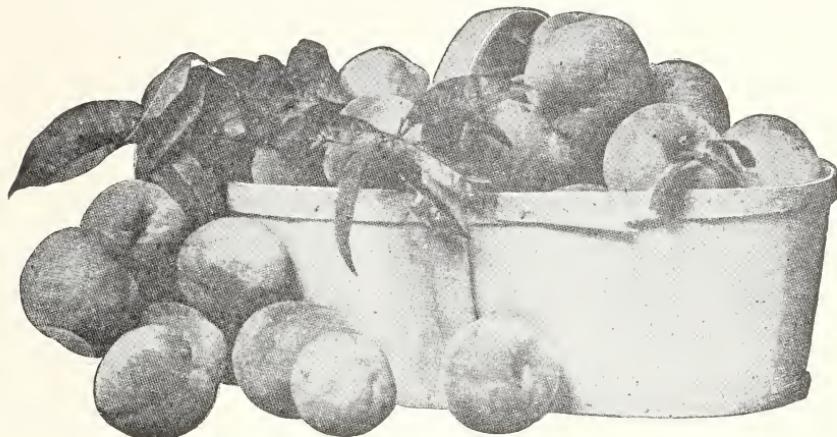
Staymans

CRAB APPLES

Price	Each.	Per 10
4 to 6 feet.....	\$.50	\$4.00
3 to 4 feet.....	.40	3.50

Hyslop.—Large, produced in clusters, roundish, dark, rich red. Late. The best crab apple for market. Dwarf growing tree.

Martha.—The ground is a bright yellow, nearly overspread with bright red.



PEACHES

Our list of varieties include only such kinds as are profitable for market and best for home use.

Soils best adapted for growing peaches are: Sand, Sandy Loam, Gravel, Clay Loam with sand or gravel subsoil, or well drained shale.

Location of orchards should be carefully considered. The soil must be naturally or artificially well drained and a north or west slope is preferable to a southern exposure. Air circulation is very essential and therefor a plot protected both on the north and west should never be selected, especially in New Jersey where we have such variable weather.

Planting Distances depend some upon the nature of the soil. We seldom recommend planting closer than 18x18 feet which takes 135 trees per acre but some plant them 16x16 on very light soils and at that distance it takes 170 trees per acre. On very rich sandy loam we prefer 20x20 and it takes 110 trees per acre. For Garden planting they may be set as close as 12 ft. if only one row is being planted, and 16 feet is plenty far enough.

Care of Peach Orchards.—They should be cultivated early in the spring but bearing trees should never be plowed deep nor until after the petals begin to drop because of frost danger. Continue cultivation until July 1st to 10th and then sow with cover crop, a legume being preferable as they provide Nitrogen.

Pruning.—Cut back when planting large trees to 24 inches and small trees to 12 to 18 inches and cut off all branches. Never fail to cut them back as they do not do well unless you do so. Allow three branches only to grow, selecting them so that they will form a good shaped tree. In future years cut back all young growth at least two thirds of the growth and keep the inside of the tree open and the top rather low. As the tree gets older renew the main branches by dehorning one at a time.

The list of varieties are arranged in the order of ripening. The descriptions tell the important things about each variety. The color of the flesh is given first.

Prices on General list of Peaches (except Kathryn) Each.	Per 10	Per 100
4 to 6 ft., 9-16-in. caliper.....	\$.50	\$4.00
3½ to 5 ft., ½-in. caliper.....	.40	3.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.30	2.50
2 to 3 ft.....	.25	2.00
2 ft. whips.....	.20	1.50

Kathryn at 5c per tree above these prices.

GENERAL LIST OF PEACHES

Varieties named in order of ripening

Pioneer.—This is a new peach sent out by the State Experiment Station. It is a seedling of Belle crossed with Greensboro; is almost free; ripens after Greensboro and just ahead of Carman. Flesh is white, quality fair; in fact, better than Carman.

Kathryn.—The tree is a strong grower and very hardy. It bears very young, three year old trees were loaded with fruit and it shows a lot of fruit buds on one year old stock in the nursery row. The fruit is large, slightly elongated, very regular in size and shape, making a splendid appearing peach. It is a perfect freestone on the originator's farm. Its season of ripening is along with the last of Carman but extends over a slightly longer period. The color is clear cream-tinted white overspread with a beautiful pink which is a very deep shade on the sunny side. It colors well in the middle of the tree and is a splendid keeper.

Prices on Kathryn—5c each above prices on general list.

Slappy. (Y)—Very hardy, handsome, yellow fruit, free of rot and keeps splendidly. Flesh yellow, sweet; excellent flavor.

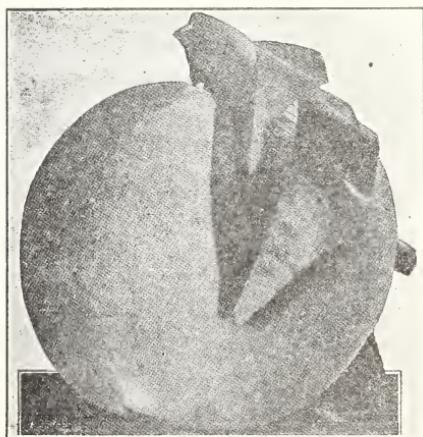
Belle of Georgia.—The Elberta furnished a new type of early, regular and heavy bearing yellow peaches which has never been equalled for shipping and profit. The Belle of Georgia is just as distinctive in the white varieties. It is of large size, uniform in shape and very showy. Quality is good to excellent. It comes into bearing young and is prolific and picks over an extended period, finishing up just as Elberta begins. The best peach of its season.

Elberta.—Very large, skin golden yellow and where exposed to the sun, faintly striped with red; flesh yellow, very fine grain, juicy rich, sweet and splendidly flavored; tree very prolific and presents a handsome appearance and a luxuriant growth. It is a perfect freestone and one of the most successful market varieties. Does well everywhere.

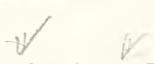
Hale.—This has proven itself to be a remarkable variety wherever it has been planted. It ripens with and after Elberta. It is yellow with a bright red cheek, clear yellow flesh of high quality. Tree is of rather dwarf bushy habit. Fruit is very large.

Late Elberta.—A large, handsome, highly colored yellow peach, very similar in appearance to Elberta but ripens later. If this is not the so-called Roberta it is so near it that the best judges can not tell them apart.

Foxes Seedling.—Red, white skin with a pretty red cheek. Large, slightly oblong, free, very high quality. It comes at a good season, after Elberta is gone and always commands a good price. We recommend this in every planting.



Krummels



Krummels.—A hardy peach of good quality. Flesh yellow, skin light orange with a bright red cheek. Preferable to Salway with which variety it ripens. A very desirable market variety.

Iron Mountain.—Pure white, white skin sometimes has a very slight blush. Large to very large, egg-shaped, free and of the very highest quality. The best canning peach ever grown as well as the best eating variety. Always sells at a good price and is one of the hardest in bud.

We also have a limited supply of **Roberta**, **Frances** and **Connets Early**.

SWEET CHERRIES

ON MAZZARD ROOTS

Sweet cherries are Hearts or Bigarreaus and are strong, upright growers. Set 36 feet apart.

Our sweet cherries are budded on MAZZARD stock. Ninety per cent of the cherries offered for sale are worked on Mahaleb and we have found such trees to be almost worthless and very short lived.

Prices.—On the largest and best rooted trees.
4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 each; \$8.00 per 10.

Black Tartarian.—It is the old standard black cherry, juicy and excellent quality. Large.

Gov. Wood.—A yellow variety having a bright red cheek, flesh is firm.

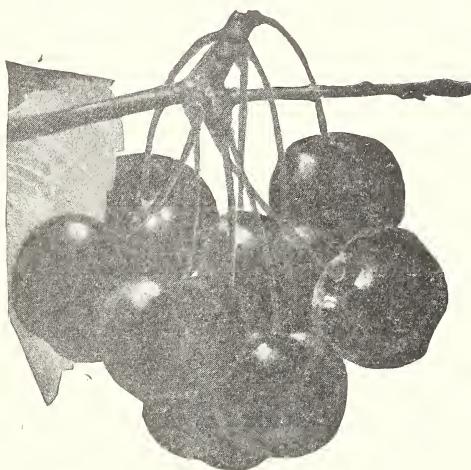
Mercer.—A large dark red cherry of finest quality, very hardy and the best of all for canning. The best of them all.

Napoleon.—A light red and yellow cherry of large size.

Schmidts.—Another dark red cherry of great hardiness and fine quality.

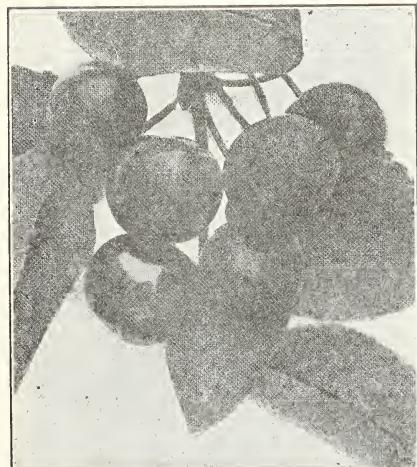
Yellow Spanish.—An amber cherry with a bright red cheek, its solid flesh makes it a fine canning variety.

Windsor.—Fruit large, round, very firm and fairly juicy, quality very good, productive. It is very dark red, almost black and keeps better than most cherries.



Mercer

SOUR CHERRIES



Large Montmorency

In this class are also the Dukes as they are of dwarf spreading habit. They bear young and regularly. Set 16 feet apart, 170 to the acre.

Price.—2 yr., 80c each; \$7.00 per 10;
\$60.00 per 100.

Early Richmond.—An early bright red variety of medium size, very prolific and profitable for market.

Large Montmorency.—A large cherry which when fully ripe is not sour as some others. Larger and larger than Early Richmond and better quality.

PLUMS

There are two classes of Plums. Japan varieties are early bearers, often bearing at three years old. They are not as hardy in the far north as the European varieties, neither are they as long lived. European Plums take much longer to bear and are not as prolific but are of higher quality. Set 16 feet apart.

EUROPEAN PLUMS

Prices.—90c each; \$8.00 per 10.

Bradshaw.—A large, early, dark purplish red variety of good quality.

German Prune.—Fruit oval in shape, nearly two inches long, of good quality for the table, and much esteemed for drying and preserving, hangs long on the tree and is firm, sweet and pleasant.

Grand Duke.—A very handsome plum especially valuable for market. It resembles Bradshaw in size and color, being very large and of fine dark violet red.

Lombard.—Medium, round, oval, violet red, juicy, pleasant and good, adheres to the stone, productive. A valuable market variety, one of the most hardy.

Reine Claude.—A large, fine variety, skin greenish yellow covered with a thick bloom; flesh yellow, juicy, melting, with a rich, sugary, excellent flavor.

JAPAN PLUMS

Prices.—90c each; \$7.00 per 10.

Abundance.—A fine yellow plum of excellent quality, ripens early. While the skin is yellow, it is often almost covered with a bright carmine.

For New Jersey we consider this the best market plum we have ever grown.

Burbank.—Later than the Abundance, round, yellow, partially covered with red, flesh is yellow and is an excellent canning variety.

Red June.—Of immense value for its very early ripening. The fruit is medium to large, roundish conical, deep purplish red, very handsome and attractive; flesh pale yellow, firm and meaty.

Satsuma Blood.—Large, skin dark purplish red, mottled with blush bloom, shape globular, and with sharp point, flesh firm, juicy, dark red or blood color, well flavored and firm, quality very good, pit small.

QUINCES

They are very much used for jellies and preserves and for flavoring. They succeed best on soil that is moist and rich. They need severe pruning, cutting off nearly all the new growth, thereby forcing a lot of new growth from which it sends its blossom buds. Set 12 feet apart.

Price.—Two year, \$1.00 each; \$8.00 per 10.

Champion.—Very large, late, coarse grained.

Meeches.—Medium to large, good quality.

Orange.—Medium to small, early, fine grained and splendid quality.

Raes Mammoth.—Large, midseason, fine quality and one of the best.

PEARS

The list of Pears given includes only such as do well in most states. Other varieties are successfully grown in favored sections but even in those sections this list is a good one.

In orchards, trees are usually planted about 24 feet apart and this seems to give plenty of room, single rows may have the trees as close as 20 feet.

Prices.—First class, two year olds, \$1.00 each; \$8.00 per 10.

Bartlett.—Everyone knows this fine, midsummer pear of splendid eating, cooking and canning qualities.

Beurre d'Anjou.—Is later than Bartlett, of good quality; is greenish russetted variety.

Clapps Favorite.—Earlier than Bartlett, yellow with red cheek.

Keiffer.—For New Jersey it is the most profitable of all pears and while not as high quality as some others it bears well and with proper care of the fruit it is very delicious and juicy, splendid for cooking and canning.

Price.—\$7.00 per 10.

Seckle.—A small russetted variety of highest quality and very sweet.

Sheldon.—A large, rough coated russetted pear that is very juicy and good quality.

Worden-Seckel.—Equal in quality to its famous parent, which it resembles much in flavor, while in size, color, form and appearance, it is decidedly superior.

GRAPES

Grapes are a close second of, if not equal to the strawberry in popularity. All eat it, and for jelly, preserves, canning and grape juice there is a place on the table every day of the year.

On an arbor, plant no closer than 10 feet and the rows should be at least 6 feet apart. For vineyards plant 8 feet by 12 feet, which takes 450 plants per acre. In pruning cut back hard every year, leaving no more than two eyes on the new growth and leave that no closer than one foot apart on one stem. The less branches there are the larger the bunches of berries will be. Cultivate well but do not fertilize very much.

One year old vines live as well or better, bear as quickly and as much as older plants.

In planting, cut back the top to two eyes and cut the roots back to within an inch of the old cutting and use no manure or fertilizer in the holes.

Prices—unless otherwise quoted.

	Each.	Per 3	Per 10
1 year.....	\$.20	\$.50	\$ 1.25
2 year.....	.25	.75	2.00

Brighton.—Red, large, early, large clusters, sweet, rich and finest quality.

Caco.—Berry large, wine red with abundant bloom. Bunch of good size, compact and of good form. Ripens in advance of Concord. Vine a very strong vigorous grower, healthy and prolific.

Price.—2 year, 75c each.

Campbells Early.—Black, large, early; large bunches; best early black variety.

Concord.—Black, large, midseason, large bunches. The most popular of all varieties everywhere for all purposes.

Price.—2 yr., \$8.00 per 100; 1 yr., \$6.00 per 100.

Delaware.—Red, small, mid-season; small, tight bunches; sweetest of all grapes.

Diamond.—White, large, mid-season; large, compact shouldered bunches; sweet and fine.

Green Mountain.—White, small; the earliest good grape; bunches shouldered, loose and long. Sweet and good.

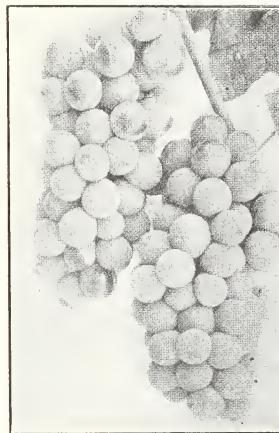
Price.—1 year, 50c each; \$1.25 per 3.

Lutie.—Red, medium to small, early; small bunches but a lot of them; sweet and fine.

Moores Early.—Very early. Bunches large, berry round and large, black with a heavy blue bloom; of good quality.

Niagara.—White, large, late; extra large shouldered compact bunches, slightly aromatic. The best white variety for market.

Worden.—Black, very large, ripens just ahead of Concord; bunch large and compact. Sweet and fine, one of the best.



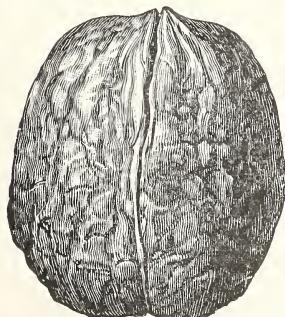
Campbells Early

FAMILY COLLECTION

We have been often asked to select a home garden collection and here it is:—**1 Green Mountain, 1 Brighton, 1 Worden, 2 Concord, and 1 Niagara**, six in all, from early to late. This six will cost you for one year vines **\$1.10 by express; by parcel post for \$1.20**.

ENGLISH WALNUTS

Everybody knows it without a description. Our stock is Northern grown from Northern seed.



English Walnut

Prices.—Transplanted—3 year, 50c; 3 for \$1.25

RASPBERRIES

This berry is used largely for table use but for jams and canning it is much prized. For market they have always been profitable.

They should be planted in single rows in garden about 2 feet apart, for market plant red varieties 2 by 6 feet, taking 3,630 plants. Blackcaps 3 by 6 feet, taking 2,420.

Cuthbert.—(Red)—A very large red, late ripening variety that makes a strong growth. The berry is solid and is the best of all the reds.

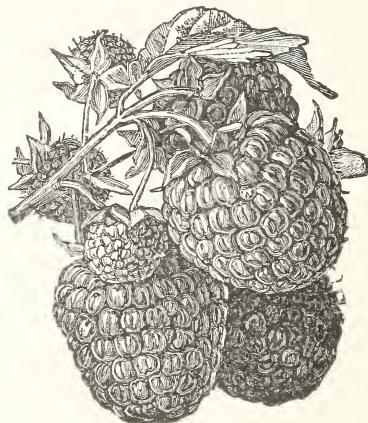
Price.—60c per 10; \$2.25 per 100; \$20.00 per 1000.

St. Regis.—(Red)—This red variety is known as an EVERBEARING. It is very early and medium in size of good quality. Late in the summer and during the fall the young shoots produce a crop of quite large fruit which is delicious and very profitable.

Price.—60c per 10; \$2.50 per 100; \$20.00 per 1000.

Plum Farmer.—(Black)—Plants are hardy, vigorous and productive; the berries large, good in color and quality. The fruit is very large, thick meated and firm, making a good berry to ship to distant markets.

Price.—60c per 10; \$3.00 per 100; \$20.00 per 1000.



Cuthbert

BLACKBERRIES

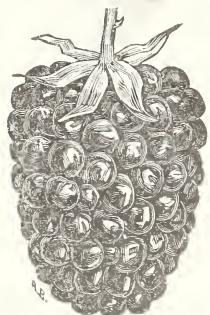
For canning and eating it provides a very healthy and delicious food supply. Plant 3 by 6 feet for market, taking 2420 to the acre, and in garden plant 2 feet apart for single rows.

Rathbun.—A good, erect grower, fruit very large, black, of splendid quality.

Price.—65c per 10; \$3.00 per 100; \$25.00 per 1000.

Mersereau.—This is a very large, oval berry and does not turn red after it is picked; flesh sweet, melting, rich, very best quality. Bush strong, vigorous, extra hardy and resistant to disease. It is a most profitable blackberry.

Price.—75c per 10; \$3.00 per 100.



Rathbun

GOOSEBERRIES

As a market fruit there are few crops that are more profitable for market. For home, either fresh or canned, it makes splendid sauces and pies. They should be planted 2 feet apart in the row and the rows 4 feet apart, taking 5450 plants to the acre. Thorough cultivation and enriched soil besides picking is about the only attention they require.

Columbus.—Fruit very large, green, inclined to straw color, of excellent flavor. On account of its productiveness, we believe that everyone of our patrons should have some.

Price.—2 year, 25c each; \$2.25 per 10.

Downing.—A large, pale green variety that is the best of all gooseberries for market.

Price.—2 year, No. 1, 30c each; \$2.00 per 10.

Red Jacket.—(Josselyn)—The large, red variety that is entirely satisfactory. When fully ripe it is delicious, very hardy.

Price.—2 year, No. 1, 30c each; \$2.50 per 10.

Houghton.—A well known variety; heavy cropper. Red berries, good cooker.

Price.—3 year, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

STRAWBERRIES

This most delicious of all fruits is the most easily grown, costs least to start and grow and gives the quickest results.

In a garden they should be planted one foot apart and the rows not closer than three feet apart. For market they should be planted one foot or fifteen inches apart in the row and we prefer 4 feet apart but some put them 3 feet, others $3\frac{1}{2}$.

Set 1 x 3 ft., it takes 14,500 plants per acre.

1 x 4 ft., 10,800; 15 in. x 3 ft., 11,600; 1 x $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 13,850; 15 x $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 9,950; 15 in. x 4 ft., 8,700.

GENERAL LIST OF STRAWBERRIES

Prices.—(For spring delivery only)—50c per 25; \$1.00 per 100; \$7.00 per 1000.

Campbells Early.—Earliest variety we offer. Good shipper, of good quality. Berry medium size, of high color. Plant very vigorous and productive. Considered very profitable in New Jersey.

Joe.—(Perfect Bloom)—Season medium to late. Plant is unusually vigorous and long lived, and foliage is clean and healthy. Productive, and carries its fruit well. Fruit large to very large, and continues large to the end of the season; firm. In form it is obtuse conical and very uniformly large in size; red with red flesh; quality good.

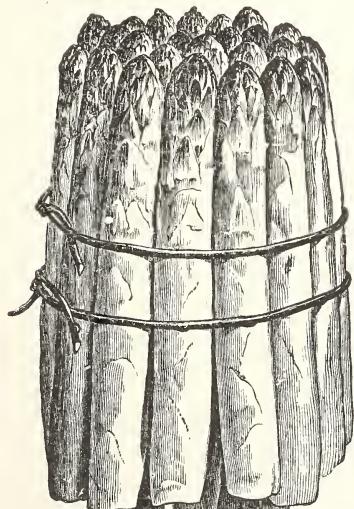
Lupton.—(Perfect Bloom)—A late variety, ripening after Joe and before Gandy. Berry very large, a handsome red; is a splendid shipper. Plant is strong and vigorous and is a heavier bearer than almost any other variety.

Premier.—(Perfect Bloom)—Another extra early variety, ripening just after Campbells. Berry is large with a green cap that retains its freshness, quality is among the best; the color is a glossy bright red; flesh is red. Plants are very productive and very vigorous, holding up the berries well to the last picking; foliage is all that can be desired for health and vigor.

Stevens Late Champion.—(Perfect Bloom)—Plant a strong, vigorous grower, flower perfect. Berry, size and shape of Sharpless. Color, bright red; flesh firm and of the best quality. Productive.

Success.—(Perfect Bloom)—Early, large, firm, bright crimson. It is the best early variety we have ever fruited, being very early and prolific. The plant is exceptionally vigorous and strong.

ASPARAGUS



Palmetto

The great spring vegetable that every garden should contain. In planting never put deeper than eight inches below ground, cover one inch with soil and two inches over that with manure, never putting manure below or directly on top of the roots. Plant one foot apart for home use. For market 6 feet by 18 inches, taking 4840 plants per acre.

Palmetto.—The best of all the older varieties. Of French origin, producing fine large, green stalks, in great quantity and fine quality. The strain we offer seems to suffer no injury from rust.

Prices.	Per 100	Per 300	Per 1000
1 year...	\$1.00	\$2.50	\$5.00
2 year...	1.75	4.50	8.00

Washington.—A new variety sent out by the Federal Bureau of Plant Industry as being the most rust resistant variety yet known, very similar in growth and size to Palmetto.

Prices.	Per 100	Per 300	Per 1000
1 year.	\$1.50	\$3.00	\$6.00
2 year.	2.00	5.00	9.00

CURRANTS

This is another fruit that needs but little attention and for home use is valuable and for ordinary family 5 to 10 plants will furnish sufficient fruit. They should be planted on ground, made rich with manure, about 2 feet apart and rows 4 feet apart, taking 5450 plants per acre. As a market crop they have always been profitable and during the past few years exceptionally so.

Wilder.—The best of all the red varieties for general use and market. It is productive, healthy and has good picking stems, also is large and fine colored.

Price.—2 year, 20c each; \$1.00 per 10; \$6.00 per 100; 1 year, \$5.00 per 100.

Fays Prolific.—A rather dwarf grower but produces splendid bunches of fine large red fruit.

Price.—1 year, 25c each; \$1.50 per 10.

White Grape.—The best of all the white varieties and one that produces a fine lot of almost transparent white berries.

Price.—2 year, 25c each; \$1.50 per 10.

Perfection.—A new variety, less acid than the old varieties. It produces large clusters of very red fruit.

Price.—1 year, 35c each; \$3.00 per 10.

ORNAMENTAL TREES

Catalpa Bungeii.—(Umbrella Tree)—One of the most attractive of trees in great demand for lawns and all ornamental grounds; it forms a perfect half-globular or umbrella head with foliage of a deep green color with great precision and making a beautiful roof of leaves. One of the finest trees that can be planted on a lawn or for a shade tree.

Price.—2 year head, \$2.25 each; 2 for \$4.00; 3 year heads, \$2.50 each.

Teas Weeping Mulberry.—A truly weeping tree, grafted 5 to 6 feet high and the branches gracefully droop to the ground. A handsome lawn tree especially for small yards.

Price.—\$3.00 each.

Camperdown Weeping Elm.—The strong, stout branches often sweep out horizontally for several feet before they curve downward, making a broad, handsome head. The head can be grown to attain the size of ten to twenty feet across it. Leaves are of a dark, glossy green, of large size, completely covering the tree, forming a luxuriant mass of verdure.

Prices.—2 year heads, \$3.00 each.

Lombardy Poplars.—Upright slender branched trees used as back grounds, they are branched to the ground.

This tree is becoming more popular each year. As a screen they are most stately and attractive.

Prices.

	Each.	Per 10
3 to 4 feet.....	\$.40	\$2.50
6 to 8 feet.....	1.00	8.00
8 to 10 feet.....	1.25	10.00



Catalpa Bungeii.

Dogwood.—(White Flowering)—This beautiful tree is not only beautiful while in bloom but makes a fine appearing shade tree for the balance of the year.

Price.—18-24-in., at 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Dogwood.—(Red Flowering)—In all respects the same as the white flowering except it has darker foliage and bark, also have beautiful pink flowers shaded to red.

Price.—Grafted stock, 18 to 24 in., at \$2.50 each.

Elm, American.—A noble tree, of strong rapid growth; lofty, sweeping branches of great elegance and grace. The finest of all shade trees. Suitable for street or lawn planting.

Price.—8 to 10 ft., at \$2.00 each.

Ginkgo Biloba.—(*Salisburia Adiantifolia*)—(Maidenhair Tree.)—A most beautiful and interesting Japanese tree. Of rapid and erect growth. Foliage resembles that of the Maiden-hair Fern. One of the most desirable shade trees we have. Free from insect diseases. Considerably used in Washington, D. C.

Price.—6 to 8 ft., \$2.00 each.

Oriental Plane.—A popular shade tree in Europe. Does well for a similar purpose here. Not subject to blight like the native Sycamore. Makes a large spreading tree. Rapid grower. Succeeds well in either high or low situations.

Price.—8 to 10 ft., at \$2.00 each.

Norway Maples.—We consider this the best of all shade trees.

Prices.	Each.	Per 2.	Per 10
4 to 5 ft. whips.....	\$.75	\$1.25	\$ 6.00
5 ft. transplanted.....	1.10	2.00	9.00
6 ft. whips.....	1.25	2.25	10.00
9 ft. crooked bodies.....	1.50		
14 ft. and up for Local Trade only. Come and see them.			

Sugar Maple.—(**Rock Maple.**)—A well known native tree of elegant pyramidal form. Its stately growth, fine form and foliage make it desirable as a shade tree.

Price.—12 to 14 ft., at \$5.00 each.

Babylonica Weeping Willow.—This is the well known Weeping Willow, whose long pendulous branches droop so gracefully. A splendid shade tree that does well on wet or dry ground.

Price.—4 to 5 ft., at \$1.00 each.

Russian Golden Willow.—A hardy yellow leaf variety of exceptional beauty.

Prices.—3 to 4 ft., at 75c each; 3 for \$1.50.

Wisconsin Weeping Willow.—An exceptionally hardy variety that has all the characteristics of Babylonica.

Prices.—3 to 4 ft., at 75c each; 3 for \$1.50.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

Almond, Double Flowering, Pink.—Bears rose colored blossoms in great profusion in early spring.

2 to 3 ft., fine, \$1.00 each.

Almond, Double Flowering, White.—Same as above with white flowers.

2 to 3 ft., \$1.00 each.

Berberis Thunbergii.—Its beautiful pendulous habit and fine showing of bright red berries make it very attractive for clumps and borders. (See Hedges for smaller plants.)

15 to 18 in., 40c each; \$3.50 per 10.

Deutzia Crenata.—(*Flora Plena*.)—Profuse bloomer, beautiful double pink flowers.

3 ft., 40c each; 2 ft., at 30c each; 3 for 75c.

Deutzia Pride of Rochester.—White flowering shrub with splendid foliage.

3 ft., 40c each; 2 ft., at 30c each; 3 for 75c.

Deutzia Gracilis.—A round, compact shrub that is very graceful and pretty and when in bloom is a most beautiful mass of white and green.

15 inches, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00; 12 inches, at 30c.

Deutzia Lemoinei.—A dwarf pyramidal shrub slightly stronger grower than Gracilis and larger flowers. Very handsome during June.

Price.—15 to 18 inches at 50c each.

Forsythia, (Fortunei)—(Golden Bell).—Erect branches, large, rich green leaves, early yellow flowers. The first shrub to bloom in the spring.

3 ft., 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Forsythia Viridissima.—More spreading than above and the leaves turn in autumn to rich colorings; makes a wonderful background.

2½ ft., 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora.—The Hydrangea Grandiflora continues to be one of the best and most beautiful hardy ornamental shrubs ever grown. It grows three to four feet high, is perfectly hardy in all parts of the country; needs no protection in winter. The flowers are pure white, afterwards changing to pink and rich coppery red, and are borne in immense pyramidal trusses nearly a foot long and nearly as much in diameter.

3 year, 30c each; 3 for 75c; 10 for \$2.25.

2 year, 25c each; 3 for 70c; 10 for \$2.00.

Tree Form Hydrangea.—Same as above, grown like a small tree.
3 ft. stems, 2 year heads, \$1.25 each.

Lodense Privet.—A new form of Privet, very hardy, foliage very green, in style of growth resembles Boxbush, and can be used for edging.
2 year, 8 to 10 inches, 50c each; \$3.00 per 10.

Regals Privet.—A low growing bush of graceful habit, a splendid shrub to go with Berberry in clump and corner plantings. Its black berries hang on all winter.
18 to 24 inches, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25; \$3.50 per 10.

Lilac, Common Purple.—This is the well known Purple variety.
2 feet, at 50c each.

Lonicera, (Bush Honeysuckle).

Lonicera Morrowi.—Pure white fragrant flowers, bright red berries in fall.

2½ ft., 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Lonicera Tartarica.—Pink flowers, fragrant and beautiful, bright red berries in fall.
2½ ft., 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Lonicera Nitida.—(Evergreen Honeysuckle).—New Evergreen bush, covered with small leathery leaves and fragrant cream white flowers.
12 to 15 inches, 60c each; 3 for \$1.50.

Philadelphus Coronarius.—(Mock Orange)—Commonly called Syringa, very sweet, white flower resembling orange blossoms.

2½ ft., 50c each; 3 for \$1.00; 2 ft., 40c each; 3 for 80c.

Philadelphus Grandiflora.—Similar to above but much larger bloom and stronger grower.
3 feet, 50c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Red Bud.—(Cercis Japonica).—Is entirely covered with deep pink flowers before the leaves show. A beautiful early blooming shrub, the first red bloom.
3 to 4 ft., \$1.00 each.

Rose Acacia.—(Robinia Hispida).—Stalks and branches covered with bristles, flowers large and deep rose color. Our stock is budded on stems 4 feet high; beautiful.
4 ft. standards, \$2.00 each; 2 for \$3.50.

Spirea Anthony Waterer.—Very dwarf, constant bloomer from June to October, flowers bright crimson as also is the young growth, a splendid plant for clumps, edging or single specimen. One of the finest dwarf shrubs.

15 to 18 inches, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

12 to 15 inches, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Spirea Collosa Froebeli.—Dwarf, very bushy, white flowers, a fine variety.
2½ ft., 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Spirea Prunifolia.—(Bridal Wreath).—Strong grower, small shiny leaves. Flowers double and in great profusion. A variety that is always popular.

12 to 18 inches, 30c each; 3 for 75c.

Spirea Thunbergii.—Graceful; flowering early in spring, the first to bloom; branches slender and drooping. Small, bright green feathery leaves. Pure white flowers, dwarf, remains in bloom a long time.

15 to 18 inches, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

Spirea Van Houttei.—An upright shrub with graceful, slender branches and bright green foliage. The flowers of pure white are in great clusters by reason of its free blooming habit presents a magnificent appearance.

15 to 20 inches, 25c each; 3 for .50.

18 to 24 inches, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Symporicarpus Racemosus.—(Snowberry).—Popular shrub, medium size, small pink flowers in summer, followed by large, waxy berries white in autumn, persisting into mid-winter. Very ornamental.

18 to 24 inches, 25c each; 3 for 50c.

Symporicarpus Vulgaris.—(Coral Berry).—Vigorous and quick grower; covered with purple berries all summer. Does well in any position.

18 to 24 inches, 25c each; 3 for 50c.

Viburnum Dentatum.—Curious leaves, roughly heart-shaped, assuming rich purple and red in fall. Very ornamental hedge plant; greenish white flowers; pretty dark blue berries in autumn.

15 to 20 inches, 25c each; 3 for 60c.

Viburnum Lantana.—(Wayfaring Tree).—The large, white flower clusters open in May, and are followed by red fruits; has peculiar soot foliage.

4 to 5 ft., 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Viburnum Plicatum.—(Japan Snowball).—White flowers, large, the balls are often over three inches across. The bush grows with the branches at right angles to the main stem, the dark green foliage is beautifully crimped.

12 to 18 inches, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

18 to 24 inches, 65c each; 3 for \$1.75.

Weigela Eva Rathke.—Bears a beautiful dark rich reddish purple flower and is a very free bloomer.

12 to 18 inches, 50c each; 3 for \$1.25.

18 to 24 inches, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00.

Weigela Candida.—Ivory white flowers almost cover the graceful arching branches.

12 to 18 inches, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Weigela Rosea.—Flowers medium-sized to large, rose pink.

12 to 18 inches, 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

2 to 3 feet, 60c each; 3 for \$1.50.

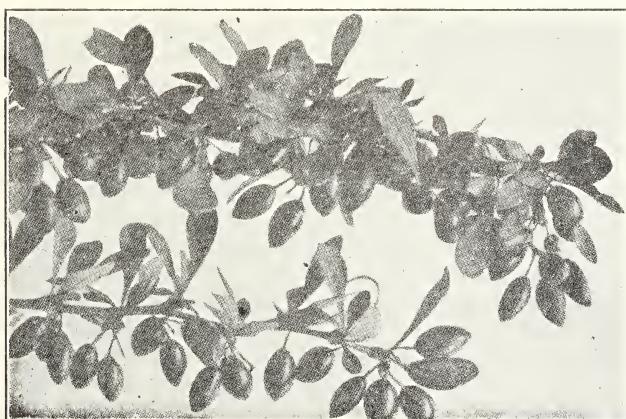
DECIDUOUS HEDGING

California Privet.—Without question this is the best hedging plant yet introduced.

Prices.—2 year, 18 to 24 inches, \$1.00 per 10; \$6.00 per 100.

1 year, 18 to 24 inches, 75c per 10; \$4.00 per 100.

12 to 18 inches, 60c per 10; \$3.00 per 100.



Berberis Thunbergii.

most other deciduous shrubs are bare, its small, oval leaves then assume superb crimson hues, and the slender branches droop beneath their load of bright red berries, which hang on until late in winter.

Price. 2 year, transplanted, \$1.50 per 10; \$10.00 per 100—extra fine stock.

2 year, seedlings, \$1.00 per 10; \$6.00 per 100.

Berberis Thunbergii.

This thorny, graceful hedge plant needs no pruning and thrives everywhere. It is especially adapted for covering the bare spots along porches and sides of houses where grass and flowers will not thrive. One of the most effective plants in autumn, after

CONIFEROUS EVERGREENS

Biota Aurea Nana.—(Berckmans Golden Arbor Vitae.)—A new variety of very dwarf and compact habit; a perfect gem for small gardens or cemetery lots. The plant is very effective for window boxes and for tubs.

Prices.—6 inches, three times transplanted, 75 each.

12 to 15 inches, \$2.25 each.

Juniper Sabina.—Bushy, low grower; beautiful deep green; fine for massing.

Prices.—10 to 12 inches, \$1.00 each; \$1.50 for 2.

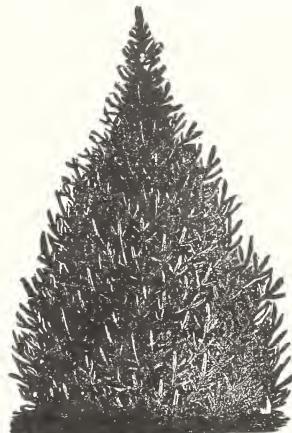
12 to 15 inches, \$1.75 each; \$3.25 for 2.

Juniperus Sabina Tamariscifolia.—(Gray-Carpet Juniper.)—A distinct, trailing variety of Sabina. The needle-shaped leaves have a deceptive but pleasing shade of gray-green. Fine for edging.

Prices.—15 inches, \$2.00 each.

Juniper Virginiana Glauca.—A fine pyramidal tree of very graceful habit, with beautiful blue glaucous foliage that attracts attention very favorably. The entire young growth are Silvery White changing to beautiful blue in winter.

Prices.—18 to 24 inches (grafted), \$2.00 each.



Norway Spruce
(*Picea Excelsa*)

Picea Excelsa.—(Norway Spruce)—Commonest Spruce seen; known as the Christmas Tree. Very hardy and adaptable to hedge and other purposes; leaves dark green; very handsome. Tree of pyramidal, lofty appearance. 30 to 50 feet high.

Prices.—12 to 15 in., 60c each; \$5.00 per 10.
18 to 24 in., 75c each; \$6.00 per 10.
24 inches, \$1.00 each; \$7.50 per 10.

Pinus Mugho Compacta.—This dwarf species forms a dark, dome-shaped bush, broader than its height and sometimes almost prostrate. Valuable for lawns, terraces, barren hillsides or near the sea.-

Price—8 to 10 inches, \$1.50 each.

Retinospora Obtusa Nana.—(Japanese Dwarf.)—A tree of rare individuality; slow-growing and dwarf with dense, heavy foliage. For Japanese gardens and general group plantings. Very dwarf; seldom attains a height of 3 feet; the curious sprays of little foliage are shining green.

Price.—18 inch, extra fine, \$2.50 each.

Thuya Occidentalis.—(American Arbor Vitae.)—Very useful for hedging and screening, and equally so for ornamentation. Scaly leaves, bright green with a yellowish surface on underside. Branches short and horizontal; retains its good shape.

Prices.—12 to 15 inch, transplanted, 60c each; \$5.00 per 10.

15 to 18 inches, sheared and transplanted, \$1.00 each.

18 to 24 inch, \$1.25 each.

Thuya Occidentalis Globosa.—A valuable new variety fully tested. Round, bushy and compact. Good green color, very hardy. On account of its many new qualities, is bound to supersede many of the so-called globosa forms.

Prices.—12 inches, \$1.00 each.

Thuya Occidentalis Pyramidalis.—Similar in appearance to Globosa but grows in pyramid form and taller, keeps good color during the winter.

Price.—12 to 15 inches, \$1.25 each.

Tsuga Canadensis.—(Hemlock Spruce.)—One of the most beautiful evergreen trees, with gracefully drooping branches. There is nothing prettier for hedges or well-trimmed specimen trees for lawns. Somewhat pendulous and delicate in appearance; foliage light, yet tufted; form conical.

Prices.—Four times transplanted, sheared balls, \$1.25 each; \$10.00 per 10.

BROAD LEAF EVERGREENS

Azalea Amoena.—The finest of all hardy evergreen shrubs. Dwarf with small green leaves and in the early spring it is covered with masses of brilliant claret colored flowers that last for three to four weeks.

Prices.—10 to 12 in. transplanted, \$1.50 each; 3 for \$4.00.

12 to 15 in. twice transplanted, \$2.00 each; 3 for \$5.00.

Azalea Hinodigiri.—Similar in habit to Amoena but with larger foliage and of stronger growth. The flowers are carmine.

Prices.—6 to 8 inches, \$1.50 each; 3 for \$4.00.

10 to 12 inch, \$2.00 each.

Boxbush.—This is the well known pretty Box of very dense habit, seen in so many places where it is so highly prized, it is becoming very popular in new plantings.

Price.—10 to 12 inch, \$1.10 each; 3 for \$3.00.

Box Edging.—Very fine little evergreen edging plant for along walks, especially for bungalows and colonial residences.

Prices.—6 to 8 inches, 75c each; \$6.00 per 10.

4 to 6 inches, 50c each; \$3.00 per 10.

Ilex Glabra.—A native evergreen having bronze green foliage, very bushy and ornamental, especially adapted to use in clumps of deciduous shrubs to relieve the bareness during the winter.

Price.—18 to 24 inches, \$2.00 each; \$3.50 for 2.

Prices.—2 year, strong, 75c each; 3 for \$1.75; one of each variety (6), for \$3.00.

Kalmia Latifolia.—(Mountain Laurel or Calico Bush.)—Of all the broad leaf evergreens this is one of the handsomest both in flowers and foliage. The leaves are broad and of a beautiful glossy green. The flowers are produced in large showy clusters at the terminals. The color is rosy pink with spots of rich and velvety reddish brown. Very desirable for planting either alone or with Rhododendrons or Azaleas. Our stock is nursery grown and balled.

Price.—2 ft., \$2.00 each.

Rhododendron.—When massed or grouped they impart a distinguished look to any place. They are beautiful not only during blossoming time but their grand foliage of dark glossy green is admired during the summer and in winter which gives a beautiful tone to the general effect.

Price.—\$5.00 each.

CLIMBING AND RAMBLER ROSES

Prices.—75c. each; 3 for \$1.75; 1 of each variety for \$3.00.

Climbing American Beauty.—Heavy, strong grower, hardy everywhere. Color rich red, passing to crimson. Very popular and attractive.

Mary Wallace.—Large, glossy foliage; blooming with great freedom in spring and bearing a considerable number of fine buds in summer and fall. Flowers very large, well formed, semi-double, of a bright clear rose-pink, with salmon base.

Pauls Scarlet Climber.—The most brilliant rose known, because of its clear, vivid shining scarlet in large, semi-double flowers which remain unusually long and in good condition on the plants. May be used either as an ordinary climber or as a decorative pillar which are a flame of scarlet when in bloom.

Dr. Van Fleet.—Flowers measure four inches and over in diameter. The center is built high, petals beautifully undulated and cupped. The color is a delicate shade of flesh-pink on the outer surface, deepening to rosy flesh in the center.

Dorothy Perkins.—(Pink)—Another well known rose, bearing immense clusters of pink roses rather late in the season, especially fine for fences and screens.

White Dorothy Perkins.—It is identical to the Pink Dorothy except in color.

EVERBLOOMING ROSES.

Roses, to us are the most desirable flowers. They repay you handsomely for extra care and attention but will do well in any sunny, well drained place that is made rich enough and kept cultivated.

The plants that we offer are all on their own roots and two year old dormant stock that, with proper handling, will grow and produce bloom the first year.

DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING AND CARE

The soil should be made rich if possible by using one part well rotted cow manure to three parts of soil. The ground should be dug to the depth of two feet and if there is a clay subsoil dig even lower and put in from 4 to 6 inches of sand, or coal ashes. Pack the soil very firmly and work up the top to the depth of three inches after planting the roses.

PLANTING.—Never put chicken nor stable manure nor fertilizer nor bone-dust near the roots.

DISTANCE TO PLANT—Hybrid Teas 18 to 20 inches apart. Hybrid Perpetuals 2 to 2 1-2 feet apart.

WINTER PROTECTION AND SPRING PRUNING—The best winter protection is to bank the roses for 8 to 10 inches and throw evergreen boughs or straw and brush over the tops.

In early April after danger of hard freezing is over tear down your dirt bank and cut back.

Our Roses are all on their own roots and are extra strong two year old dormant stock.

CARE—Cultivate the soil at least once each week. The best spray is Bordeaux-Arsenate of Lead mixture, eight ounces to five gallons of water.

We offer nothing but Everblooming varieties. This list consists of hardy hybrids, bush form only.

Some varieties have the letter "S" after them, meaning that they are an especially strong growing type of that variety.

Souvenir de Claudius Pernet. (Per.)—Its color is a definite and lovely sunflower-yellow, deepening in the center, and it retains this color indoors and outdoors, in bud and open bloom. The plants are of branching habit, with brilliant green foliage and very many thorns. The buds are produced on long, stiff stems.

Prices on above:	Each.	Per 3.
Souv. de Claudius Pernet. \$1.25	\$3.00

General List of varieties.	Each	Per 3	Per 10
Prices —By Express.....	75	2.00	6.00
By Parcel Post, prepaid.....	80	2.25	

WHITE AND CREAMY ROSES

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (S)
Frau Karl Druschi

RED, CRIMSON AND SCARLET ROSES

Etoile de France (S)	General MacArthur
Gen'l Jacqueminot	Edward Mawley

PINK AND BLUSH ROSES

Madame Butterfly
Mrs. Chas. Bell,
Columbia and Los Angeles.

YELLOW ROSES

Sunburst (S), Mrs. Aaron Ward,
Duchess of Wellington, Golden Ophelia,
Ludwig Moller and Harry Kirk,
and the new Souvenir de Claudius Pernet.

Columbia. (H. T.)—Peach-blush pink, deepening as it opens to a glowing and enduring color. A large rose with long, stiff stems, nearly thornless; absolutely free from mildew. One of the best bedding or garden varieties. It is of strong, vigorous habit of growth and exceptionally free blooming

Edward Mawley. (H. T.)—Velvet-crimson of a deep, rich color on huge petals beautifully arranged to form faultless blooms of wonderful depth, sweetly perfumed and never off color in the hottest weather. Growth handsome, uniform and perfect, holding each bloom rigidly upright. An ideal, free and perpetual flowering garden rose.

Etrole de France. (S. H. T.)—A brilliant shade of clear red crimson velvet, centering to vivid cerise; large flowers on long, stiff stems; remarkably vigorous, free blooming and hardy.

Frau Karl Druschi. (H. P.)—The White American Beauty. A vigorous grower everywhere, with bright green leaves, delicately veined; splendid long buds and magnificent snow-white booms with large, saucer-shaped petals.

Gen'l Jacqueminot. (H. P.)—A celebrated and much sought after variety, both for planting out and pot forcing; shapely buds and handsome blooms of bright, shining crimson, rich, brilliant velvety and fragrant. Everybody knows and wants the "Jack" for its all-round good qualities.

Gen'l McArthur. (H. T.)—Bright scarlet, large, full and very free, erect branching habit and very perpetual. One of the finest and most fragrant roses grown. The most beautiful shade of any garden or forcing rose offered, retaining its brilliancy when expanded to flowers of superb form.

Golden Ophelia. (H. T.)—Its blooms are large, full and perfect in form and appearance, Yellow center, paling slightly at outer petals.

Harry Kirk.—A beautiful new rose of which the true stock is very scarce. In color it is deep sulphur-yellow, blending lighter at the edges of the petals. The flowers are large, full and perfectly formed and the buds are elegant in shape and color.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. (S)—(H. T.)—Creamy-white flowers of immense substance smooth and nicely arranged. Splendid, large buds and superb, full double blooms, making the choicest flowers. A most sturdy grower, blooming steadily from early spring until late frost.

Los Angeles. (H. T.)—One of the finest roses ever introduced. The growth is very vigorous, and produces a long-stemmed flower of a luminous flame-pink toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at the base of the petals. The buds are long and pointed.

Ludwig Moller. (H. P.)—This is the wonderful Yellow Druschi. It has all the good qualities of Frau Karl Druschi. Vigorous grower, free bloomer, and has deep golden-yellow flowers. A great beauty.

Madame Butterfly. (H. T.)—A sport of Ophelia, showing better growth, with more and larger flowers, in a brighter pink, suffused apricot and gold. The plant is free and fine in growth.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. (H. T.)—Center Indian-yellow with edge primrose, medium-sized flowers, free and full.

Mrs. Charles Bell. (H. T.)—This new rose will appeal to those who grow roses out of doors. It may be described as a shell-pink Radiance, and is a sport of that well known rose. There is no finer garden rose for American than this.

Sunburst (S). (H. T.)—Deep cadmium-yellow with orange-yellow center; large, full and beautiful form. It's strong and vigorous and quite hardy. Recommend it to your friends every time.

DISTANCE TO SET STOCK

Apples, large growing varieties.....	36x36 ft.....	34 trees per acre
Apples, small growing varieties.....	30x30 ft.....	48 trees per acre
Pears, standard.....	24x24 ft.....	73 trees per acre
Peaches, Plums, Apricots.....	18x18 ft.....	135 trees per acre
Strong-Growing Cherries.....	20x20 ft.....	110 trees per acre
Duke and Morello Cherries.....	16x16 feet.....	170 trees per acre
Grapes.....	6 x12 ft.....	600 vines per acre
Asparagus.....	1½x6 ft.....	4,840 plants per acre
Currants and Gooseberries.....	2 x 4 ft.....	5,450 bushes per acre
Raspberries, Blackberries.....	3 x 6 ft.....	2,420 plants per acre
Strawberries.....	1 x 3 ft.....	14,500 plants per acre

GUARANTEE AND CONDITIONS OF SALE

We have no connection whatever with any other nursery, and our responsibility extends only to persons purchasing direct from us. We also disclaim any responsibility for failure arising from defective planting, or from subsequent faulty treatment of cultivation, and we are not in any respect responsible for any loss or damage arising from any failure therefrom.

While we exercise the greatest care to have all trees, shrubs and plants sold by us true to name and free from disease, and hold ourselves prepared to replace, on proper proof, all that may prove to be otherwise, we do not give any warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to them; and all such goods are sold upon the express condition and understanding that in case any of them prove to be untrue to name, unhealthy or otherwise defective, we shall not be held responsible for a greater amount than the original price of the goods.

CLAIMS.—All claims must be made immediately upon receipt of goods, at which time they will be carefully considered and adjusted.

REPLACEMENTS.—With the kind of stock we send out there is none necessary unless the soil or the weather or transportation company is to blame and you cannot expect us to make good these kind of losses. The man who agrees to replace such losses either does not or charges you in the first place many times what replacement would cost.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Alva Agee, Secretary. BUREAU OF STATISTICS AND INSPECTION Harry B. Weiss, Chief.

No. 205.

Trenton, N. J., September 17, 1925.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY That we have this 15th day of Sept., 1925, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 268, Laws of 1916, State of New Jersey, inspected or caused to be inspected by a duly appointed Inspector the general nursery stock growing in the Village Nurseries of Jos. H. Black, Son & Co., proprietors at Hightstown in Mercer County, New Jersey, and have found the same apparently free from San Jose Scale and other dangerously injurious insect pests and dangerously destructive plant diseases. We further certify that the nursery has a properly constructed house for fumigation with hydrocyanic acid gas.

This certificate expires June 1st, 1926, and covers only stock actually in the nurseries when examined.

THOMAS J. HEADLEE, State Entomologist.
WM. H. MARTIN, State Plant Pathologist.

RALPH B. LOTT, Inspector.

NOTICE—All claims for defective stock must be made at once upon receipt of same. Address all orders and communications to

JOS. H. BLACK, SON & CO.,

Hightstown, N. J.

SPECIALS BY PARCEL POST PREPAID

For years we have made a specialty of sending stock by Parcel Post that gives satisfaction. Our stock is especially fine and will give satisfaction.

FRUIT TREES AND PLANTS

Prices East of Rocky Mountains

			Each.	Per 3	Per 10.	Per 100
APPLES	General list	1½ to 2½ ft.	\$.35	\$1.00	\$2.50	
Blackberries,		1 year		.25	.60	3.50
Currants,	Wilder and Fays	1 year	.20	.60	1.25	
Gooseberries,	Downing & Red Jacket	2 year	.35	1.00	2.50	
GRAPES,	General list	1 year	.25	.60	1.50	
"	" "	2 year	.30	.80	2.25	
"	Caco	2 year	.80			
PEACHES,	General list	1½-2½ ft.	.25	.65	2.00	
"	" "	2-3 ft.	.35	1.00	2.50	
Raspberries,	St. Regis & Cuthbert	1 year		.25	.65	3.00
"	Plum Farmer	Tips		.30	.75	
Strawberries,	General list	Young Plants	60c per 25; \$1.20 per 100			

DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS

Each. Per 3

Deutzia Crenata, Pride of Rochester, & Gracilis, 2 yr., trnspd.	25c	65c
Japan Snowball	" "	60c \$1.50
Lonicera (Honeysuckle) Morrowii, Tartarica	" "	30c 80c
Spirea, Van Houttei, Prunifolia & Anthony Waterer	" "	25c 70c
Weigelia, Rosea, Eva Rathke, Candida	" "	35c \$1.00
CALIFORNIA PRIVET HEDGING, 1 yr. olds, 60c per 10; \$3.25 per 100.		

EVERGREEN SHRUBS

Azalea	6 to 8 inches	1.25	3.00
Buxbush	Edging, 4 to 6 inches	.55	1.40

ROSES, EVERBLOOMING

General List	2 year old, Dormant	.80	2.25
Souvenir de Claudius Pernet		1.25	3.25
Rambler Roses, 2 year, strong		.80	2.25

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